# Course Change Request

# **New Course Proposal**

Date Submitted: 03/18/20 5:22 pm

**Viewing: CLIM 601: Midlatitude Synop** C

# Meteorology

Last edit: 03/24/20 10:12 am

Changes proposed by: bhuang

Are you completing this form on someone else's behalf?

In Workflow

1. AOES Chair

2. SC Curriculum **Committee** 

3. SC Associate Dean

4. Assoc Provost-Graduate

5. Registrar-Courses

6. Banner

# **Approval Path**

1. 03/24/20 9:48 am Jim Kinter (ikinter): Approved for AOES Chair

No

**Effective Term:** Spring 2021

**Subject Code: Course Number: CLIM - Climate Dynamics** 601

**Bundled Courses:** 

Is this course replacing another course? No

**Equivalent Courses:** 

**Catalog Title:** Midlatitude Synop □c Meteorology

**Banner Title:** Synoptic Meteorology

Will section titles

No

vary by semester?

**Credits:** 3

**Schedule Type:** Lecture

**Hours of Lecture or Seminar per** 2.5

week:

Max Allowable Repeatable: May only be taken once for credit, limited to 2

attempts (N2)

**Credits:** 

6

**Default Grade** 

Graduate Regular

Mode:

Recommended Prerequisite(s):

Recommended Corequisite(s):

Atmospheric Dynamics (CLIM511)

Required
Prerequisite(s) /
Corequisite(s)
(Updates only):

## Registrar's Office Use Only - Required Prerequisite(s)/Corequisite(s):

And/Or	(	Course/Test Code	Min Grade/Score	Academic Level	)	Concurrency?

Registration Restrictions (Updates only):

**Registrar's Office Use Only - Registration Restrictions:** 

Field(s) of Study:

Class(es):

Level(s):

Degree(s):

School(s):

## **Catalog**

#### **Description:**

This course teaches students how to apply dynamical concepts and methods in weather analysis and map interpretation. We first introduce the essential dynamical tools for synoptic meteorology, the quasigeostrophic theory, isentropic analysis and potential vorticity framework. Using these tools, we examine the midlatitude weather systems and phenomena, including extratropical cyclone, front, cold-air damming and winter storm. The concept of baroclinic instability is also introduced. Finally, basic procedure of numerical weather prediction and human forecasting processes are discussed.

#### Justification:

Synoptic meteorology is an essential component of meteorological education and professional training. Therefore, many meteorology and atmospheric science programs have courses of synoptic meteorology at senior undergraduate level and graduate level. For graduate students in climate science, this course will provide fundamental knowledge of synoptic meteorology that deals with the day-to-day weather phenomena, an essential part of the atmosphere and world climate.

# Does this course cover material which crosses into another department?

No

# **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Bringing together the observational and theoretical meteorology to understand the mid-latitude synoptic weather systems comprehensively.
- 2. Be familiar with various synoptic methods and techniques in weather analysis and forecasts.
- 3. Apply dynamical principles and conceptual models in the map interpretation of the real-time weather phenomena.

#### **Attach Syllabus**

Syllabus-CLIM601.pdf

# Additional

#### **Attachments**

# Staffing:

One faculty member is required to teach this course.

#### Relationship to

#### **Existing Programs:**

This course provides an advanced-level synoptic meteorology course that examines realistic large-scale weather systems on a vigorous dynamical basis. It is useful for graduate students of the Climate Science MS Program and Climate Dynamics PhD Program, especially those from non-meteorological background.

## Relationship to

#### **Existing Courses:**

An advanced-level synoptic meteorology course requires knowledge of atmospheric dynamics. Students taking this course are recommended to take the Introduction to Atmospheric Dynamics (CLIM 511 or CLIM711) if they have not taken a similar dynamical course previously. Since CLIM511 is also offered in the spring semester, students can take both courses in the same time.

# Additional

Comments:

#### Reviewer

#### Comments

Gregory Craft (gcraft) (03/24/20 10:12 am): updated the max allowable credits to 6 per Mason's policies

Key: 16813

## **Syllabus**

Midlatitude Synoptic Meteorology (CLIM601)

Course type: elective Semester: spring

Class Day/Time: TBD (two classes weekly)

## **Catalog description**

This course teaches students how to apply dynamical concepts and methods in weather analysis and map interpretation. We first introduce the essential dynamical tools for synoptic meteorology, the quasigeostrophic theory, isentropic analysis and potential vorticity framework. Using these tools, we examine the midlatitude weather systems and phenomena, including extratropical cyclone, front, cold-air damming and winter storm. The concept of baroclinic instability is also introduced. Finally, basic procedure of numerical weather prediction and human forecasting processes are discussed.

Course credits: 3

Prerequisites: Instructor's approval

A atmospheric dynamics course (CLIM511 or 711, can be taken

simultaneously with this class)

# **Learning Outcomes:**

Upon completion of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Bringing together the observational and theoretical meteorology to understand the mid-latitude large-scale weather systems comprehensively.
- 2. Be familiar with various synoptic analysis methods and techniques in weather analysis and forecasts.
- 3. Apply dynamical principles and conceptual models in the map interpretation of the real-time weather phenomena.

#### **Textbook**

Garry M. Lackmann, 2015: Midlatitude synoptic meteorology: dynamics, analysis and forecasting, pp345, American Meteorological Society, ISBN 978-1-878220-10-3.

Gary M. Lackmann, Brian E. Mapes and Kelvin R. Tyle, 2017: Synoptic-dynamic meteorology lab manual, visual exercises to complement Midlatitude Synoptic Meteorology, pp120, American Meteorological Society, ISBN 978-1-878220-26-4.

Supplemental reading: Toby N. Carlson, 1998: Mid-latitude weather systems, pp507, American Meteorological Society, ISBN 978-1-878220-30-1.

# **Requirements:**

The lectures will be accompanied with homework assignments on a weekly basis. A 15-min discussion of current weather, lead by a student, will be conducted at the beginning of each class. In addition, some lab exercises (projects) will be assigned and some classes will be devoted to lab projects.

The syllabi for the upper/lower level course are similar. However, graduate students will get extra homework and project assignments not required of the undergrads. Furthermore, a paper or project is graded with different criteria for the undergraduate and graduate courses.

# **Course Structure and Grading Criteria:**

20% mid-terms20% final50% homeworks and lab exercises10% participation in weather discussion

# Week I **Background, a weather map view of basic dynamics** (Chapter 1)

- 1.1 Scale of motions and governing equations, a review
- 1.2 Geopotential, thickness and thermal wind relation
- 1.3 Temperature advection, frictional veering
- 1.4 Vorticity (Shear, curvature and planetary vorticity; vorticity equation)

# Week 2 Quasigeostrophy (QG) 1 (Chapter 2)

- 2.1 QG approximation
- 2.2 OG omega equation

(Trenberth approximation, Q-vector formulation etc)

# Week 3 **Quasigeostrophy (QG) 2** (Chapter 2)

- 2.3 Height tendency equation (map application)
- 2.4 QG Energetics

## Week 4 **Isentropic analysis** (Chapter 3)

- 3.1 Basics
- 3.2 Construction and interpretation of isentropic charts
- 3.3 Representation of vertical motion on an isentropic surface

#### Week 5 Review and exam1

#### Week 6 **Potential vorticity** (Chapter 4)

4.1 Definition and PV tendency equation

- 4.2 PV distribution and dynamic tropopause
- 4.3 examples of PV inversion

# Week 7 Extratropical cyclones (Chapter 5)

- 5.1 Climatology of cyclones
- 5.2 An historical review
- 5.3 Cyclogenesis (QG interpretation, Sutcliffe-Patterssen formulation)

## Week 8 **Fronts** (Chapter 6)

- 6.1 Frontal properties and types
- 6.2 Kinematic frontogenesis
- 6.3 Dynamic frontogenesis

# Week 9 **Baroclinic instability** (Chapter 7)

- 7.1 Concept of baroclinic instability
- 7.3 Energetics
- 7.4 Diagnosing ageostrophic motion

#### Week 10 Review and exam 2

# Week 11 **Cold-air damming (CAD)** (Chapter 8)

- 8.1 CAD in the southeastern US
- 8.2 CAD as a geostrophic adjustment
- 8.3 Thermal advection and diabatic processes
- 8.4 Synoptic settings

## Week 12 Winter storms (Chapter 9)

- 9.1 General forecasting considerations
- 9.2 Physical processes
- 9.3 Precipitation-type forecasting techniques
- 9.4 Lake-effect precipitation

## Week 13 Basics of Numerical Weather Prediction (NWP) (Chapter 10)

- 10.1 Historical perspective and a simple example
- 10.2 Dynamical core and subscale parameterization
- 10.3 Data assimilation and ensemble forecasting
- 10.4 Model output

# Week 14 **Weather forecasting procedure** (Chapter 11)

- 11.1 The forecast process
- 11.2 Use of automated guidance
- 11.3 Specific forecast parameters

#### Week 15 Course review and final exam

#### **Some Important Mason Policies**

#### Students with Disabilities:

If you are a student with a disability and you need academic accommodations, please see me and contact the Office of Disability Services (ODS) at 993-2474, http://ods.gmu.edu. All academic accommodations must be arranged through the ODS.

#### GMU Email:

All George Mason students are issued an e-mail account. Students must use their MasonLive email account to receive important University information, including messages related to this class. See <a href="http://masonlive.gmu.edu">http://masonlive.gmu.edu</a> for more information.

#### HONOR CODE:

Mason is an Honor Code university; please see the Office for Academic Integrity for a full description of the code and the honor committee process. The AOES Department strongly enforces the GMU Honor Code. Students are expected to read and adhere to the George Mason University Honor Code. Ignorance of the Honor Code is no excuse for infractions thereof. The principle of academic integrity is taken very seriously and violations are treated gravely. What does academic integrity mean in this course? Essentially this: when you are responsible for a task, you will perform that task. When you rely on someone else's work in an aspect of the performance of that task, you will give full credit in the proper, accepted form. Another aspect of academic integrity is the free play of ideas. Vigorous discussion and debate are encouraged in this course, with the firm expectation that all aspects of the class will be conducted with civility and respect for differing ideas, perspectives, and traditions. When in doubt (of any kind), please ask for guidance and clarification.

#### **MASON DIVERSITY STATEMENT:**

George Mason University promotes a living and learning environment for outstanding growth and productivity among its students, faculty and staff. Through its curriculum, programs, policies, procedures, services and resources, Mason strives to maintain a quality environment for work, study and personal growth.

An emphasis upon diversity and inclusion throughout the campus community is essential to achieve these goals. Diversity is broadly defined to include such characteristics as, but not limited to, race, ethnicity, gender, religion, age, disability, and sexual orientation. Diversity also entails different viewpoints, philosophies, and perspectives. Attention to these aspects of diversity will help promote a culture of inclusion and belonging, and an environment where diverse opinions, backgrounds and practices have the opportunity to be voiced, heard and respected.

The reflection of Mason's commitment to diversity and inclusion goes beyond policies and procedures to focus on behavior at the individual, group and organizational level. The implementation of this commitment to diversity and inclusion is found in all settings, including individual work units and groups, student

organizations and groups, and classroom settings; it is also found with the delivery of services and activities, including, but not limited to, curriculum, teaching, events, advising, research, service, and community outreach.

Acknowledging that the attainment of diversity and inclusion are dynamic and continuous processes, and that the larger societal setting has an evolving socio-cultural understanding of diversity and inclusion, Mason seeks to continuously improve its environment. To this end, the University promotes continuous monitoring and self-assessment regarding diversity. The aim is to incorporate diversity and inclusion within the philosophies and actions of the individual, group and organization, and to make improvements as needed.

#### WHERE TO GET HELP

If you encounter any difficulties in this course, first contact your research advisor immediately! Do not wait until the end of the semester to ask for help in understanding the material in order to improve your grade - by then, it may be too late. Do not be afraid to ask for help - that is our job!

The Counseling Center is committed to improving academic and personal skills, and offers many workshops and counseling groups throughout the semester.

Make use of the many rich academic and personal opportunities available at Mason!